## 4 Loop Multi-Function PID Temperature Controller MA04D-652

## **User Manual**

MA04D-652-E1

Please read this manual thoroughly and keep this manual in a place for further reference

#### Main Features

- 1.Standard DIN rail mount, plug-in terminals, easy to install, serial connection for different device.
- Controller with dual LED display, various indicators, four setting buttons, the configuration can be carried
  out even without master device
- 3 Modbus RTU communication protocol, support 03H read, read multiple points, 06H write single point, 10H write multiple points, 03H read maximum 36 bytes one time, and 10H write 20 bytes one time.
- 4. Thermocouple inputs, 0.3% accuracy
- 4. Triefmoodpie inputs, v.3.% accuracy
  S.Output: Relay, SSR Drive, analog mA or Vdc. direct/reverse control configurable for each loop, PID or
  ON/OFF control, auto/manual control switchable, RUN/STOP function, independent auto-tuning for each loop, four different groups of PID for four loops, maximum and minimum output configurable 6.Each loop has the output omit function to protect executor such as AC contractor

#### Quick Start Guide

- 1.Refer to 5.2.2 under LCK-0202 for details on device address, baud rate, CRC checking method 2.Refer to 5.2.3 under LCK-0010 number 12 for details on RUN/STOP parameters

- 3. Refer to 5.2.3 under LCK-0010 number 11 for details on Auto-tuning function 4. Refer to 5.2.10 under LCK-0020 number 67 for details on Auto/manual control and M1,M2,M3,M4
- 4. Refer to 5.2. 10 under LCK-0U20 number of 1 for details on Autorimanual control and M1, M2,M3,M4 S, Refer to 5.2.4 number 13-16 for details on how to set the SP1/SP2/SP3/SP4 which is the setting value of each loop. the factory default memory type is EEPROM, the data will resume if you have a power failure happens during the operation, but the EEPROM has a downside which is the limits on the rewrite 100,000 times, this memory type is not idea for application where they need to rewrite in a very high frequency, in this case, goes to the LCK-0101 and change the RAM to 1111, refer to number 66 under
- LCK-0101 for further explanation on RAM parameter
  6. Output, the physical output type is fixed once you ordered with us, however, you can change the control mode based on your field application
  6.1)Refer to 5.2.9 LCK-0101 number 65 for parameter OUd. this is the parameter to configure the heating
  - /cooling control mode
- /ccoling control mode
  oUd=xxxx1, OP1 will be heating mode, oUd=xxx1, OP1 will be cooling mode
  oUd=xx0x, OP2 will be heating mode, oUd=xx1x, OP2 will be cooling mode
  oUd=x0xx, OP3 will be heating mode, oUd=x1xx, OP3 will be cooling mode
  oUd=0xxx, OP4 will be heating mode, oUd=1xxx, OP4 will be cooling mode
  6.2)How do you change the PID control mode
- Refer to 5.2.5 LCK-0011 for PID parameters on loop #1 Refer to 5.2.6 LCK-0012 for PID parameters on loop #2
- Refer to 5.2.7 LCK-0013 for PID parameters on loop #3 Refer to 5.2.8 LCK-0014 for PID parameters on loop #4

# 1. Ordering information

Please make sure that you know exactly what you are looking for before proceed

Model and function code MAO4D -652 **-** Main model Software version 1

1. Factory default input, refer to input table as below

Input Code			input t	pe and	range	)			
K	K	-30	to	1300	°C	/ -20	to	2372	°F
E	E	-30	to	600	°C	/ -20	to	1112	°F
J	J	-30	to	800	°C	/ -20	to	1472	°F
N	N	-30	to	1300	°C	/ -20	to	2372	°F
W	Wu3_Re25	600	to	2000	°C	/ 1000	to	3632	°F
S	S	0	to	1600	°C	/ 0	to	2912	°F
Т	T	-30	to	400	°C	/ -20	to	752	°F
R	R	0	to	1700	°C	/ 0	to	3092	°F
В	В	200	to	1800	°C	/ 400	to	3272	°F

Remark: the accuracy for S and R is not accurate if the temperature lower than 200°C

## 2. Main output OP1/OP2/OP3/OP4

OP1 and OP2 output must be the same, OP3 and OP4 must be the same

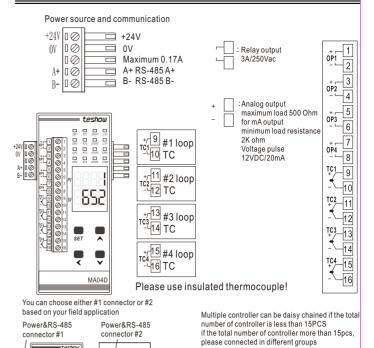
code	OP1/OP2	OP3/OP4
1	Relay 3A/250V	Relay 3A/250V
2	Voltage pulse 12VDC	Voltage pulse 12VDC
3	Voltage pulse 12VDC	Relay 3A/250V
4	Relay 3A/250V	Voltage pulse 12VDC
9	Analog output DA	Analog output DA

#### 3. Main output OP1/OP2/OP3/OP4 are analog output

- N: Not analog output
- 2: DC0~20mA
- DC 4~20mA
- 5: DC 0~5V
- 6: DC 0~10V 7: DC 1~5V
- MA04D-652-K-1-N

Remark: MA04, 4 loops controller, OP1 and OP2 relay output, OP3 and OP3 output

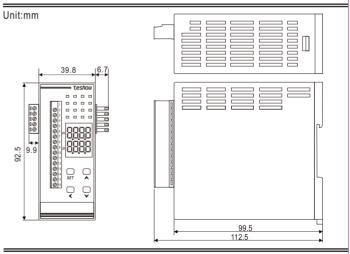
## 2. Wiring



# 3. Dimensions

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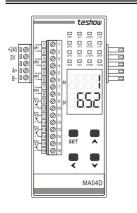
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## 4. Panel description



- Display PV, address, parameter notation Display SV, software version, parameter value

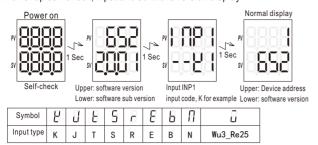
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- OP1: Output indicator for #1 loop OP2: Output indicator for #2 loop
  - OP3: Output indicator for #3 loop OP4: Output indicator for #4 loop AT1:Auto-tuning indicator for #1 loop AT2:Auto-tuning indicator for #2 loop
  - AT3:Auto-tuning indicator for #3 loop AT4:Auto-tuning indicator for #4 loop STOP1: Output stop indicator for #1 loop
- STOP2: Output stop indicator for #2 loop STOP3: Output stop indicator for #3 loop
- STOP4: Output stop indicator for #4 loop L1E:Not applicable at this moment L1F:Not applicable at this moment
- ERR: Loop break or over range indication COM: Communication RS-485 indication
- SET: SET key, function key
- :shift key
  :Increment
  :Decrement :Increment key :Decrement key

# Parameter setting and communication address registry

#### 5.1 Power up self-check, input and software version display

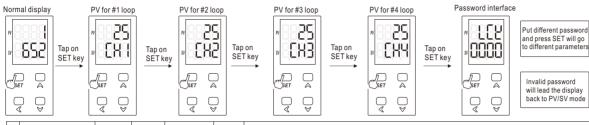


#### 5.1.1 Communication protocol

- (1) Modbus-RTU protocol, support 03 read, 06&10 write command
- (2) Communication format: half-duplex multi-drop connection RS-485 Baud rate: 2400,4800,9600,19200(selectable) Data format: 1 start bit, 8 data bit, None parity bit, 1 stop bit
- (3) Maximum one time allowable write 20 address, maximum one time allowable read 37 address
- (4) DR04 factory default address is "1", baud rate is 9600
- (5) Please refer to manual for detailed information on the address

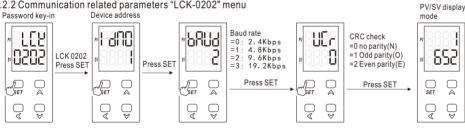
#### 5.2 Parameter lists and communication address for each parameters(Hex or Decimalism)

#### 5.2.1 PV display and access to password interface, AU1/AU2 function configuration



			_			
No	Parameter type	HEX	10 Hex	Data format	R/W	Remarks
1	PV1 for #1 loop	0000Н	0	16 bit integer 10 hex	R	reading gain 0.1, read 1000 means 100.0 degree( display only shows integral number)
2	PV2 for #2 loop	0001H	1	16 bit integer 10 hex	R	reading gain 0.1, read 1000 means 100.0 degree( display only shows integral number)
3	PV3 for #3 loop	0002H	2	16 bit integer 10 hex	R	reading gain 0.1, read 1000 means 100.0 degree( display only shows integral number)
4	PV4 for #4 loop	0003H	3	16 bit integer 10 hex	R	reading gain 0.1, read 1000 means 100.0 degree( display only shows integral number)
5	Output % for #1 loop	0004H	4	16 bit integer 10 hex	R	reading gain 0.1,0-1000 means 0.0%-100.0%, indicates the output % of #1 loop
6	Output % for #2 loop	0005H	5	16 bit integer 10 hex	R	reading gain 0.1,0-1000 means 0.0%-100.0%, indicates the output % of #2 loop
7	Output % for #3 loop	0006Н	6	16 bit integer 10 hex	R	reading gain 0.1,0-1000 means 0.0%-100.0%, indicates the output % of #3 loop
8	Output % for #4 loop	0007H	7	16 bit integer 10 hex	R	reading gain 0.1,0-1000 means 0.0%-100.0%, indicates the output % of #4 loop
9	Various indicator on the panel	0008H	8	16 bit integer binary	R	bit0:COM , bit1:ERR , bit2:reserved , bit3:reserved , bit4:OP4 , bit5:OP3 , bit6:OP2 , bit7:OP1 , bit8:STOP4 , bit9:STOP3 , bit10:STOP2 , bit11:STOP1 , bit12:AT4 , bit13:AT3 , bit14:AT2 , bit15:AT1 bitx=0 ON =1 OFF ERR indicator on if any of the loop had a loop break or over range .
10	Password	0009H	9	16 bit integer 10 hex	R/W (RAM)	LCK Password 0-9999

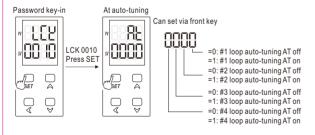
## 5.2.2 Communication related parameters "LCK-0202" menu



Parameter	type	Hex	Hex 10	Data format	R/W
Device address	IDNO	0047H	71	16 bit positive integer 10 hex	R
Baud rate	BAUD	0048H	72	16 bit positive integer 10 hex	R
Error check Field	UCR	0049H	73	16 bit positive integer 10 hex	R

Bit0=0 #1 loop output on =1 #1 loop output terminated

## 5.2.3 Auto-tuning AT/ Run stop RS parameter "LCK-0010" parameter



No	Parameter type	HEX	10 Hex	Data format	R/W	Remarks
11	Auto-tuning AT		10	16 bit positive integer Binary		Bit0=0 Terminate the auto-tuning for #1 loop =1 Active the auto-tuning for #1 loop Bit1=0 Terminate the auto-tuning for #1 loop =1 Active the auto-tuning for #1 loop Bit2=0 Terminate the auto-tuning for #1 loop =1 Active the auto-tuning for #1 loop
						Bit3=0 Terminate the auto-tuning for #1 loop =1 Active the auto-tuning for #1 loop

Address for AT1/AT2 indicator is 0008H, Bit15 for AT1 indicator, Bit14 for AT2 indicator Bit13 for AT3 indicator,

R/W

R/W

Eeprom

Bit12 for AT4 indicator(bit=0 indicator on, bit=1, indicator off)
Remark: run/stop function will overwrite auto/manual and auto-tuning function, you

can not initiated the auto-tuning and auto/manual under STOP status, auto-tuning can not be activated under manual control mode

10 Hex Data format

HEX

000BH

1.AT1,AT2,AT3,AT4 indicator on after auto-tuning activated, indicator off when auto-tuning finished 2. The control mode will be ON/OFF mode, large temperature fluctuation is expected during the auto-tuning process, the time duration for auto-tuning various for different process. 3. The value for P,I,d, rSt will be calculated by the auto-tuning process, and controller goes back to PV/SV mode and continue to work with the updated P,I,d, rSt value

No Parameter type

R/S

Run/Stop

At value		rS run/stop	)
PV SY	press SET	PV SV	Can alter via front panel  = 0:=0: #1 OP1 active =1:=1: #1 OP1 terminated
SET A		GET A	=0:=0: #2 OP2 active =1:=1: #2 OP2 terminated
			=0: =0: #3 OP2 active =1: =1: #3 OP2 terminated
			=0: =0: #4 OP2 active =1: =1: #4 OP2 terminated

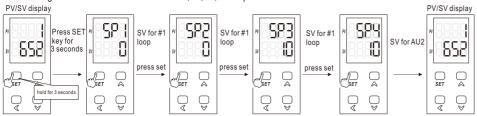
1 1 K/O 1		1 % 1 loop output terminated
	Eeprom	Bit1=0 #2 loop output on
		=1 #2 loop output terminated
		Bit2=0 #3 loop output on
		=1 #3 loop output terminated
		Bit3=0 #4 loop output on
		=1 #4 loop output terminated
		if you write 10 hex value "0" to this address, all output will be activated
		if you write 10 hex value "15" to this address, all output will be terminated

Remark: rS parameter is stored in EEPROM, the value will inherit during the power interruption. value will be the same after power resume

correspondent address 0008H, bit8:ST0P4 , bit9:ST0P3, bit10:ST0P2 , bit11:ST0P1 bit=0 indicators on bit=1 indicators off

Remark: Can not initiate the auto/manual and auto-tuning features under "STOP" status

### 5.2.4 Setting value SP1/SP2/SP3/SP4 for #1,#2,#3,#4 loop



## Important Notice

Factory default data storage method is EEPROM, the data stays at where the power was cutoff, the data will be the same after power on, the limitation of EEPROM is 100,000 times, so this mode is not suitable for application where data needs to be write and erased frequently. under this circumstance please go to LCK-0101 and change the RAM to RAM=1111, refer to LCK-0101 and NO.66 for explanation on the parameter "RAM"

No	Parameter type	Hex	10 Hex	Data format	R/W	Remarks
13	#1 loop SP1	000CH	12	16 bit integer 10 hex	R/W(Ram/EEPROM)	reading gain 0.1, read 1000 means 100.0 degree, write 2000, means write 200.0 degree
14	#2 loop SP2	000DH	13	16 bit integer 10 hex	R/W(Ram/EEPROM)	reading gain 0.1, read 1000 means 100.0 degree, write 2000, means write 200.0 degree
15	#3 loop SP3	000EH	14	16 bit integer 10 hex	R/W(Ram/EEPROM)	reading gain 0.1, read 1000 means 100.0 degree, write 2000, means write 200.0 degree
16	#4 loop SP4	000FH	15	16 bit integer 10 hex	R/W(Ram/EEPROM)	reading gain 0.1, read 1000 means 100.0 degree, write 2000, means write 200.0 degree

#### 5.2.5 #1 loop P.I.D parameters "LCK-0011" menu

Password key-

Proportional band. The data storage method for below parameters are "EEPROM"

rassworu	rey-ii		ιοροιι	uliai bai
SV SV	! -	LCK=0011 press SET once		00 6 1
SET	$\square$		C)SET	

No	Notation	Parameter type	Hex	10 Hex	Data format	R/W	Remarks
17	8888	Proportional band for #1 channel	0010H	16	16 bit integer 10 hex	R/W	reading gain 0.1, unit is degree, read 200 for 20.0 degree, write 300 for 30.0 degree factory default 20.0, range 0.0 ~800.0, when P1=0, OP1 switch to ON/OFF control mode,  HYS1 is hysteresis
18		Integral for #1 channel	0011H	17	16 bit integer 10 hex	R/W	Unit "second", 0-3600 second, factory default=210
19	41	Derivative for #1 channel	0012H	18	16 bit integer 10 hex	R/W	Unit "second", 0-200 second, factory default=30
20		Cycle time for #1 channel	0013H	19	16 bit integer 10 hex	117 11	Unit *second", 1-200 second, factory default= 20 seconds for relay, 2 seconds for voltage pulse analog output is 1 seconds as factory default

	Notation	Parameter type	Hex	10 Hex	Data format	R/W	Remarks
21	XYS :	#1 channel hysteresis HYS1	0014H	20	16 bit integer 10 hex	R/W	reading gain 0.1, unit* degree* reading 4=0.4, write 10=1.0 degree factory default: 0.4 degree, range 0.0-800.0, opposite hysteresis for direct control, forward hysteresis for reverse control
22	aSt 1	#1 channel proportional reset rst1	0015H	21	16 bit integer 10 hex	R/W	reading gain 0.1, unit "degree", read -50=-5.0 degree, write -100=-10.0 degree, the display on the controller can not display decimal points, range:-199.0~199.0 degree, this parameter used to counter balance the overshoot during heating process, factory default is -5.0, recommended to obtain the value via auto-tuning process
23		#1 channel output lower limit OPL1	0016H	22	16 bit integer 10 hex	R/W	Reading gain 0.1, unit is %, read 0=0.0%, write 200=20.0% factory=0.0, range 0.0-100.0%, this parameter used to define the lower limit output for the #1 channel
24	OPX I	#1 channel output higher limit OPH1	0017H	23	16 bit integer 10 hex	R/W	Reading gain 0.1, unit is %, read 0=0.0%, write 200=20.0% factory=0.0, range 0.0-100.0%, this parameter used to define the higher limit output for the #1 channel
25		#1 channel output restriction for analog output only	0018Н	24	16 bit integer 10 hex	R/W	Reading gain 0.1, unit %, read=0 means 0.0%, write=200 means 20.0% factory default is 100.0, range 0.0~100.0%, this parameters used to define the change rate of the output, for example, if you put bUF1=5.0 means the output for #1 channel change rate can't be larger than 5.0%/second, this is very useful for analog output in protection the heater from being damaged

## 5.2.6 #2 loop P.I.D parameters "LCK-0012" menu

Password key-in

 $\underbrace{ \text{Proportional band} }_{\text{The data storage method for below parameters are "EEPROM"} }$ 



$\neg$	1110	uutu otoit	igo inicinica foi bolow	paramet	oro are L	LI ITOM		The data storage method for below parameters are EEL Now										
	No	Notation	Parameter type	Hex	10 Hex	Data format	R/W	Remarks										
	26	8,8,2	Proportional band for #2 channel	0019H	25	16 bit integer 10 hex	K/W	reading gain 0.1, unit is degree, read 200 for 20.0 degree, write 300 for 30.0 degree factory default 20.0, range 0.0 ~800.0, when P2=0, OP2 switch to ON/OFF control mode, HYS2 is hysteresis										
-	▶ 27	- 2	Integral for #2 channel	001AH		16 bit integer 10 hex	R/W	Unit "second", 0-3600 second, factory default=210										
	28	95	Derivative for #2 channel	001BH	27	16 bit integer 10 hex	R/W	Unit "second", 0-200 second, factory default=30										
	29	8468	Cycle time for #2 channel	001CH	28	16 bit integer 10 hex		Unit "second", 1-200 second, factory default= 20 seconds for relay, 2 seconds for voltage pulse analog output is 1 seconds as factory default										

No	Notation	Parameter type	Hex	10 Hex	Data format	R/W	Remarks
30	XY52	#2 channel hysteresis HYS2	001DH	29	16 bit integer 10 hex	R/W	reading gain 0.1, unit" degree" reading 4=0.4, write 10=1.0 degree factory default: 0.4 degree, range 0.0-800.0, opposite hysteresis for direct control, forward hysteresis for reverse control
31		#2 channel proportional reset rst2	001EH	30	16 bit integer 10 hex	R/W	reading gain 0.1, unit "degree", read -50=-5.0 degree, write -100=-10.0 degree, the display on the controller can not display decimal points, range:-199.0~199.0 degree, this parameter used to counter balance the overshoot during heating process, factory default is -5.0, recommended to obtain the value via auto-tuning process
32	8855	#2 channel output lower limit OPL2	001FH	31	16 bit integer 10 hex	R/W	Reading gain 0.1, unit is %, read 0=0.0%, write 200=20.0% factory=0.0, range 0.0-100.0%, this parameter used to define the lower limit output for the #2 channel
33	88XS	#2 channel output higher limit OPH2	0020H	32	16 bit integer 10 hex	R/W	Reading gain 0.1, unit is %, read 0=0.0%, write 200=20.0% factory=0.0, range 0.0-100.0%, this parameter used to define the higher limit output for the #2 channel
34		#2 channel output restriction for analog output only	0021H	33	16 bit integer 10 hex	R/W	Reading gain 0.1, unit %, read=0 means 0.0%, write=200 means 20.0% factory default is 100.0, range 0.0~100.0%, this parameters used to define the change rate of the output, for example, if you put bUF2=5.0 means the output change rate for #2 channel can't be larger than 5.0%/second, this is very useful for analog output in protection the heater from being damaged

### 5.2.7 #3 loop P.I.D parameters "LCK-0013" menu



The data storage method for below parameters are "EEPROM"

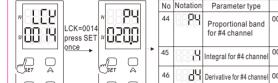
No	Notation	Parameter type	Hex	10 Hex	Data format	R/W	Remarks
 35	93	Proportional band for #3 loop	0022H	34	16 bit integer 10 hex		reading gain 0.1, unit is degree, read 200 for 20.0 degree, write 300 for 30.0 degree factory default 20.0, range 0.0 ~800.0, when P3=0, OP3 switch to ON/OFF control mode, HYS3 is hysteresis
36	8883	Integral for #3 loop	0023H	35	16 bit integer 10 hex	R/W	Unit "second", 0-3600 second, factory default=210
37	63	Derivative for #3 loop	0024H	36	16 bit integer 10 hex	R/W	Unit "second", 0-200 second, factory default=30

- NI	Marketten	D	Harr	40.11	D-4- (	DAM	Powerle
N.	Notation	Parameter type	Hex	10 Hex	Data format	R/W	Remarks
38	8383	Cycle time for #3 channel	0025H	37	16 bit integer 10 hex	R/W	Unit "second", 1-200 second, factory default= 20 seconds for relay, 2 seconds for voltage pulse analog output is 1 seconds as factory default
39	8953	#3 channel hysteresis HYS3	0026H	38	16 bit integer 10 hex	R/W	reading gain 0.1, unit* degree* reading 4=0.4, write 10=1.0 degree factory default: 0.4 degree, range 0.0-800.0, opposite hysteresis for direct control, forward hysteresis for reverse control
40	658B	#3 channel proportional reset rst3	0027H	39	16 bit integer 10 hex	R/W	reading gain 0.1, unit "degree", read -50=-5.0 degree, write -100=-10.0 degree, the display on the controller can not display decimal points, range:-199.0-199.0 degree, this parameter used to counter balance the overshoot during heating process, factory default is -5.0, recommended to obtain the value via auto-tuning process
4	8888	#3 channel output lower limit OPL3	0028H	40	16 bit integer 10 hex	R/W	Reading gain 0.1, unit is %, read 0=0.0%, write 200=20.0% factory=0.0, range 0.0-100.0%, this parameter used to define the lower limit output for the #3 channel
42	88X3	#3 channel output higher limit OPH3	0029H	41	16 bit integer 10 hex	R/W	Reading gain 0.1, unit is %, read 0=0.0%, write 200=20.0% factory=0.0, range 0.0-100.0%, this parameter used to define the higher limit output for the #3 channel
43	8888	#3 channel output restriction for analog output only	002AH	42	16 bit integer 10 hex	R/W	Reading gain 0.1, unit %, read=0 means 0.0%, write=200 means 20.0% factory default is 100.0, range 0.0~100.0%, this parameters used to define the change rate of the output, for example, if you put bUF3=5.0 means the output for #3 channel change rate can't be larger than 5.0%/second, this is very useful for analog output in protection the heater from being damaged

## 5.2.8 #4 loop P.I.D parameters "LCK-0014" menu

### Password key-in

Proportional band The data storage method for below parameters are "EEPROM"

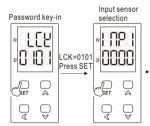


	1110	autu otoru	ge memou for below	paramete	JIO GIO L	LITTOM		
]	No	Notation	Parameter type	Hex	10 Hex	Data format	R/W	Remarks
	44	94	Proportional band for #4 channel	002BH	43	16 bit integer 10 hex	R/W	reading gain 0.1, unit is degree, read 200 for 20.0 degree, write 300 for 30.0 degree factory default 20.0, range 0.0 ~800.0, when P4=0, OP4 switch to ON/OFF control mode, HYS4 is hysteresis
>	45	8,8,6,8	Integral for #4 channel	002CH	44	16 bit integer 10 hex	R/W	Unit "second", 0-3600 second, factory default=210
	46	94	Derivative for #4 channel	002DH	45	16 bit integer 10 hex	R/W	Unit "second", 0-200 second, factory default=30

١.						_		
	No N	Notation	Parameter type	Hex	10 Hex	Data format	R/W	Remarks
	47 [	5958	Cycle time for #4 channel	002EH	46	16 bit integer 10 hex	R/W	Unit "second", 1-200 second, factory default= 20 seconds for relay, 2 seconds for voltage pulse analog output is 1 seconds as factory default
	48	8959	#4 channel hysteresis HYS4	002FH	47	16 bit integer 10 hex	R/W	reading gain 0.1, unit* degree* reading 4=0.4, write 10=1.0 degree factory default: 0.4 degree, range 0.0-800.0, opposite hysteresis for direct control, forward hysteresis for reverse control
	49	-584	#4 channel proportional reset rst4	0030H	48	16 bit integer 10 hex	R/W	reading gain 0.1, unit "degree", read -50=-5.0 degree, write -100=-10.0 degree, the display on the controller can not display decimal points, range:-199.0-199.0 degree, this parameter used to counter balance the overshoot during heating process, factory default is -5.0, recommended to obtain the value via auto-tuning process
	50	0PL4	#4 channel output lower limit OPL4	0031H	49	16 bit integer 10 hex	R/W	Reading gain 0.1, unit is %, read 0=0.0%, write 200=20.0% factory=0.0, range 0.0-100.0%, this parameter used to define the lower limit output for the #4 channel
	51	0,P,X,Y	#4 channel output higher limit OPH4	0032H	50	16 bit integer 10 hex	R/W	Reading gain 0.1, unit is %, read 0=0.0%, write 200=20.0% factory=0.0, range 0.0-100.0%, this parameter used to define the higher limit output for the #4 channel
	52	8U53	#4 channel output restriction for analog output only	0033H	51	16 bit integer 10 hex	R/W	Reading gain 0.1, unit %, read=0 means 0.0%, write=200 means 20.0% factory default is 100.0, range 0.0~100.0%, this parameters used to define the change rate of the output, for example, if you put bUF4=5.0 means the output for #4 channel change rate can't be larger than 5.0%/second, this is very useful for analog output in protection the heater from being damaged

## 5.2.9 Field parameters "LCK-0101" menu

The data storage method for below parameters are "EEPROM"



No	Notation	Parameter type	Hex	10 Hex	Data format	R/W				F	Remarks					
53	1021	Input type for both channels	0034H	52	16 bit integer 10 hex	R/W	INP=		Ir	nput typ	e and ran	ige				
		Citatillois					0 or 1	K type TC	-30	to	1300	°C	/ -20	to	2372	°F
							2 or 3	E type TC	-30	to	600	°C	/ -20	to	1112	°F
							4 or 5	J type TC	-30	to	800	°C	/ -20	to	1472	°F
.							6	N type TC	-30	to	1300	°C	/ -20	to	2372	°F
							7	Wu3_Re25	600	to	2000	°C	/ 1000	to	3632	°F
							8	S type TC	0	to	1600	°C	/ 0	to	2912	°F
							9	T type TC	-30	to	400	°C	/ -20	to	752	°F
							10	R type TC	0	to	1700	°C	/ 0	to	3092	°F
							11	B type TC	200	to	1800	°C	/ 400	to	3272	°F
							Write 0-17	7 to address 00	34H or 52							

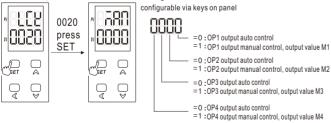
No	Notation	Parameter type	Hex	10 Hex	Data format	R/W	Remarks
54	UN E	Display unit	0035H	53	16 bit integer 10 hex	R/W	=0 celcius °C =1 Fahrenheit °F factory default=0
55	8588	Sensor offset for #1 channel	0036H	54	16 bit integer 10 hex	R/W	Reading gain 0.1, unit "degree" read -50=-5.0 degree, write 20=2.0 degree (the LED only shows integer) factory default=0.0 Range:-199.9 to 999.9, the display of the PV for #1 channel= actual measuring value+SC1
56	8582	Sensor offset for #2 channel	0037H	55	16 bit integer 10 hex	R/W	Reading gain 0.1, unit "degree" read -50=-5.0 degree, write 20=2.0 degree ( the LED only shows integer) factory default=0.0 Range:-199.9 to 999.9, the display of the PV for #2 channel= actual measuring value+SC2
57	583	Sensor offset for #3 channel	0038H	56	16 bit integer 10 hex	R/W	Reading gain 0.1, unit "degree" read -50=-5.0 degree, write 20=2.0 degree (the LED only shows integer) factory default=0.0 Range:-199.9 to 999.9, the display of the PV for #3 channel= actual measuring value+SC3
58	SEY	Sensor offset for #4 channel	0039Н	57	16 bit integer 10 hex	R/W	Reading gain 0.1, unit "degree" read -50=-5.0 degree, write 20=2.0 degree ( the LED only shows integer) factory default=0.0 Range:-199.9 to 999.9, the display of the PV for #24channel= actual measuring value+SC4

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No	Notation	Parameter type	Hex	10 Hex	Data format	R/W	Remarks
59	8088	PV input filter strength PVFt	003AH	58	16 bit integer	R/W	Range 0-30, the filter strength gets stronger when value is larger, factory default=15
60	LdE	SV deviation for temporarily extra output	003ВН	59	16 bit integer 10 hex	R/W	Reading gain 0.1, read 50 means 5.0 degree, write 100 means 10.0 degree(LED display shows 0-200 means 0.0~20.0 degree), This function is used to counter balance the sudden heat loss after the SV is reached, sometimes the SV drops too fast and it takes too long for the temperature to go back to the setting value, this function will kick-in when this happens, an extra output will be generated from the controller to the system so that the PV will be dragged back to SV as quickly as possible, SV1 deviation value for this function is LdE, active points=SP1-LdE for #1 channel active points=SP2-LdE for #2 channel active points=SP3-LdE for #3 channel active points=SP4-LdE for #4 channel
61	8SUP	Temporarily extra output value	003CH	60	16 bit integer 10 hex	R/W	Reading gain 0.1, 0-1000 means 0.0-100.0% SUP=0, to turn off this function, if SUP=20, means the temporarily extra output is 20.0% Factory default=0.0( function off) please be care when using this function, large temperature fluctuation might happen if this function is not being executed correctly
62	OFA	SV deviation for temporarily extra output decrease	003DH	61	16 bit integer 10 hex	R/W	Reading gain 0.1, read 50 means 5.0 degree, write 100 means 10.0 degree( LED display shows 0-200 means 0.0~20.0 degree), This function is used to counter balance the sudden heat increase after the SV is reached, sometimes the SV shoots up too much and it takes too long for the temperature to drop back to the setting value, this function will kick-in when this happens, an extra output decrease will be generated from the controller to the system so that the PV will be dragged back to SV as quickly as possible, OFF is the deviation value for this function to kick in, active points=SP1+PFF for #1 channel active points=SP2+PFF for #2 channel active points=SP3+PFF for #3 channel active points=SP4+PFF for #4 channel
63	LP	Temporarily extra output decrease value	003EH	62	16 bit integer 10 hex	R/W	Reading gain 0.1, 0-1000 means 0.0-100.0% LP=0, to turn off this function, if LP=20, means the temporarily extra output decrease is 20.0% Factory default=0.0( function off) please be care when using this function, large temperature fluctuation might happen if this function is not being executed correctly
64	.E.c.	Over range response Err	003FH	63	16 bit integer 10 hex	R/W	=0, Output will be terminated if the PV cross the higher limit range or lower limit range =1, Output will work normally if the PV cross the higher limit range or lower limit range, the higher limit or lower limit range is the same as the range of the sensor ranged defined in this controller, for example, the lower limit range for thermocouple is -30.0 and -199.9 for PT100
65	F0U8	heating/cooling control configuration	0040Н	64	16 bit integer Binary	R/W	Input respective bit value to configure  =0: OP1 output set as reverse control(heating) =1: OP2 output set as direct control(cooling)  =1: OP2 output set as reverse control(heating) =1: OP2 output set as reverse control(cooling)  =1: OP3 output set as reverse control(heating) =1: OP3 output set as reverse control(heating) =1: OP4 output set as reverse control(heating) =1: OP4 output set as reverse control(heating) =1: OP4 output set as direct control(cooling)
66	-c8ō	SV store method configuration	0041H	65	16 bit integer Binary	R/W	Input respective bit value to configure bit0 =0:SP1 stored in EEPROM =1:SP1 stored in RAM, the value restored is the value registered in EEPROM before power cut bit1 =0:SP2 stored in RAM, the value restored is the value registered in EEPROM before power cut bit2 =0:AU1 stored in EEPROM =1:AU1 stored in RAM, the value restored is the value registered in EEPROM before power cut bit3 =0:AU2 stored in RAM, the value restored is the value registered in EEPROM before power cut bit3 =1:AU2 stored in RAM, the value restored is the value registered in EEPROM before power cut  EEPROM: 100,000 times write and erase limits RAM: no limits on the write and erase

## 5.2.10 Auto/manual control MAN "LCK-0020"

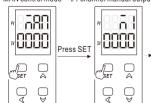




Below parameter stored as RAM mode, the controller will be at auto control mode after power resume if the controller was at manual control mode before power failure

	No	Parameter type	HEX	Hex 10	Data format	R/W	Remarks		
	67	Auto/manaul control mode	0042H	66	16 bit integer 10 hex	R/W RAM	Bit0=0 OP1 output auto control =1 OP1 output manual control, output value M1		
11							Bit1=0 OP2 output auto control	Bit1=0	
							=1 OP2 output manual control, output value M2	=1	
12							Bit2=0 OP3 output auto control	Bit2=0	
							=1 OP3 output manual control, output value M3	=1	
							Bit3=0 OP4 output auto control	Bit3=0	
							=1 OP4 output manual control, output value M4	=1	

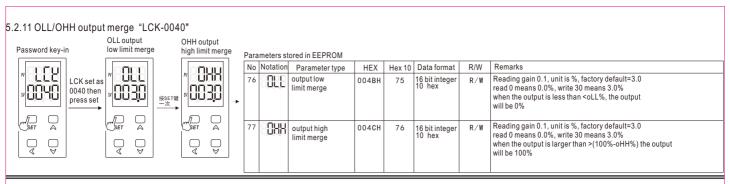
### MAN control mode #1 channel manual output%



ı I	Belo	w parame	eter stored on RAM m	ode				
Ш	No	Notation	Parameter type	HEX	Hex 10	Data format	R/W	Remarks
	68		#1 channel manual output% M1	0043H	67	16 bit integer 10 hex	R/W RAM	Reading gain 0.1, unit is %, read 0 means 0.0%, write 200, means 20.0%
J	69	8862	#2 channel manual output% M2	0044H	68	16 bit integer 10 hex	R/W RAM	Reading gain 0.1, unit is %, read 0 means 0.0%, write 200, means 20.0%
	70		#3 channel manual output% M3	0045H	69	16 bit integer 10 hex	R/W RAM	Reading gain 0.1, unit is %, read 0 means 0.0%, write 200, means 20.0%
	71	5882	#3 channel manual output% M4	0046H	70	16 bit integer 10 hex	R/W RAM	Reading gain 0.1, unit is %, read 0 means 0.0%, write 200, means 20.0%

 $Remark: you \ can't \ active \ the \ manual \ control \ mode \ if \ the \ controller \ are \ under \ stop \ mode$ 

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# 6. MA04D-652 quick start guide

- 6.1 Goes to LCK-0202 and refer to 5.2.2 on the manual for parameters affiliated with communication
- 6.2 Goes to LCK-0010 and refer to 5.2.3 on the manual for parameter R/S(No.12), RUN/STOP function
- 6.3 Goes to LCK-0010 and refer to 5.2.3 on the manual for parameter AT(No.11), Auto-Tuning function
- 6.4 Goes to LCK-0020 and refer to 5.2.10 on the manual for parameter MAN(No.67) and M1, M2, M3, M4 for auto/manual control function
- 6.5 Setting value for each loop, Refer to 5.2.4 on the manual on how to set SP1/SP2/SP3/SP4
- 6.6 Goes to LCK-0101 and refer to 5.2.9 on the manual on how to configure the output mode for OP1/OP2/OP3/OP4