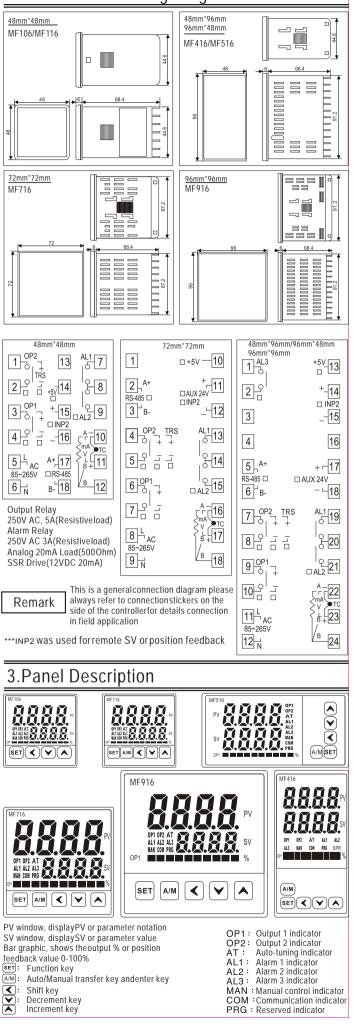
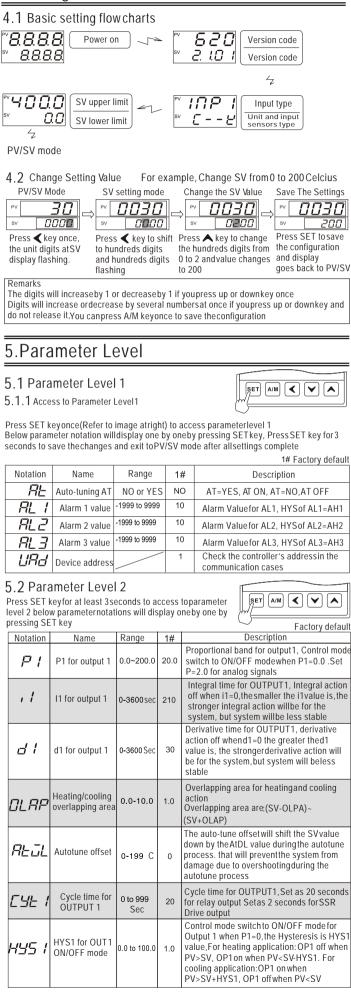
	noroturo Controllor
MFU6 Series Iem	perature Controller
	TION MANUAL
Please read this manual carefully befo for future reference	MF06-246-E1 preoperating and keep it in a safe place
1.PRODUCT CHECK	
MODEL (Size: wideXhigh)	MF106/MF116 (48mmX48mm) MF416 (48mmX96mm) MF516 (96mmX48mm) MF716 (72mmX72mm) MF916 (96mmX96mm)
CODE	<u> </u>
(1) (2) (3) - (1) (2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (6)	- - - - - 8) (9) (10) (11) (12) (13)
(1) Control action	
N: No action	F: ReversePID action (for Heating)
D: Direct PID action (for cooling)	W: Heat/cool double PID action
B: ON/OFF control (for heating)	M: ON/OFF control (for cooling)
(2) Input type, (3) Range code: \$	See"11.INPUT RANGE TABLE"
(4) First controloutput [OUT1]	
N: No action	
M: Relay contact	V: Voltage pulse(for SSR)
2: Current(DC0~20mA)	8:Current(DC4 ~ 20mA)
5: 0~5VDC	6:0~10VDC
7: 1~5VDC	T:Triac single phasezero crossing contr
Y:Triacsingle phase angle c	control
L:Unidirectional triac 3phas	se zero crossingcontrol
D:Unidirectional 3 phase an	•
(5) Second controloutput [OUT2] (Cool-side)
N: No action	
•	Voltagepulse(for SSR))
2: Current(DC0~20mA) 8:	
	0~10VDC
	Triac single phase zero crossing control
(6) Alarm 1[AL1] (7) Alarm 2[A See "5.3.2 alarm mode"	AL2 (8) AIAIM 3[AL3]
N: No alarm A: Deviation high alarm	G: Deviation high/low alarm with hold action
B: Deviation low alarm	M: Deviation band alarm with hold action
C: Deviation high/low alarm	H: Process high alarm
D: Deviation band alarm	J : Process low alarm
E: Deviation high alarm with hold action	
F: Deviation low alarm with hold action	5
(9) INPUT2 (Remove SV orpos	
N: No input2 A: DC4~20m	
·	input for valve feedback
(10) Communication	
N: No Communication 5:	Rs485 communication Modbus-RTU
(11) Transmission	
N:No transmission C:	
P: PV transmission (0-5V) Q:	PV transmission (0-10V)
(12) Power supply	
B: 85~265VAC D: AC/D	C 24V
(13) AUX power output	
N: No auxpower B: DC2 Page 1	4V
· J ~ ·	

2. Dimensions / Wiring Diagram



4.Setting



<i>P2</i>	P2 for output 1 (cooling output)	0.0~200	20	Proportional band for output2, Control mode switch to ON/OFF modewhen P2=0.0, Set P2=2.0 for analog signals		
ιŻ	I2 for output 1 (cooling output)	0~3600 Sec	210	Integral time for OUTPUT2, Integral action off when i2=0,the smaller the i1value is, the stronger integral action willbe for the system but system will beless stable Derivative time for OUTPUT2, derivative action off whend2=0 the greater thed1value is, the stronger derivative action will be for the system, but systemwill be less stable		
d2	d2 for output 1 (cooling output)	0~3600 Sec	30			
EYE2	Cycle time for OUTPUT 2	0 to 999	20	Cycle time for OUTPUT2(cooling), Set as 20 seconds for relay outputSet as 2 secondsfor SSR Drive output		
HY52	HYS2 for OUT2 (cooling)ON /OFF mode	0.0 to 100.0	1.0	Control mode switch to ON/OFF modefor Output 2 when P2=0, the Hysteresis is HYS2 value.OP2 on when PV>SV+GAP2+HYS2 OP2 off when PV <sv+gap2< td=""></sv+gap2<>		
GAP2	Offset for SV of cooling side	0.0-200.0	0.0	This parameter defines the setting value for cooling action of Output 2 SV for cooling=SV+GAP2 e.g. SV=100, GAP2=10, thenthe SV for cooling will be 100+10=110°C or°F		
гE	Reserved parameter	0.0 to 100.0	10.0	Parameter reserved for customized function		
-5E /	Overshoot suppression for Output1	-30 to 30	-5.0	This parameter used to suppress the overshoot at the firstround of heating up processBest way to determine the value of this parameter is by auto-tuning (the smaller the value is, the faster the heat up will be)		
-522	Overshoot suppression for Output 2	-30 to 30	-5.0	Op2 was used asovershoot suppression for output 2 when I2=0and d2=0, this only applies to Output 2for cooling action the smaller the valueis, the faster thecooling will be		
OPL	Lower limit of Output 1	0.0 to 100.0%	0.0	This parameter defines thelower limit output for Output 1		
OPH	higher limit of Output 1	0.0 to 100.0%	100.0	This parameter defines thehigher limit output for Output 1		
OPL2	Lower limit of Output 2	0.0 to 100.0%	0.0	This parameter defines thelower limit output for Output 2		
OPH2	Higher limit of Output 2	0.0 to 100.0%	100.0	This as a second star defines a the high sectors it submit		
PYo	Initial output ratio for output 1	0.0 to 100.0%	0.0	This parameter defines the initial output ratio for Output 1 when controller has the manual output feature right after power on		
ЬUFF	Soft-start function for output 1	0.0 to 100%	100.0	This function only applies to analog output, it restrain the output variance at a presetratio 100% means no soft-startfunction, e.g. buF=5%, means the variance ratio of the output will be at5% maximum		
55¥	Preheating Setting Value	-1999~9999	0	1: In heating application, when PV <ssv value<br="">, the preheating willbe activated right after power on, In cooling application, when PV> SSV value, the preheating willbe activated right after power on</ssv>		
SERE	Preheating running period			2:The MAN indicator flashesand the output power defined by "SouT"value 3:In heating process, Preheating terminated when PV≥SV or preheating operatedtime reaches to StME value(forheating)		
Sout	Output power during preheating process			In cooling process,Preheating terminated when PV≪SV or preheating operatedtime reaches to StMe value(forcooling) 4:When StME=0, preheating functionoff 5: MAN indicator stopflashes when preheating off		
LER	Configuration previlidge	0000-0255	0	LCK=0000, all parameters canbe modified LCK=0001,only SV can bemodified LCK=0010, only SV andparameters under level 1 can bemodified LCK=0011, all parameters are locked LCK=0101, all parameters can bemodified, access to parameter level3		
Remark: Not all parameters will be available for configuration, some of parameters won't be available depends on different function Refer to "8" "9" and "10" for detail information on specific parameters, Same of parameters such as Op2 for cooling and analog output has to be specifie before order with specialsoftware and hardware included. Please check our catalogs for detailed ordering information						
5.3 Par	ameter Leve	el 3		SET A/M C		

5.3 Parameter Level 3

5.3.1 How to access toparameter level 3
1). Follow the instructionin 5.2 and goesto parameter level 2, put 0101 as thevalue for parameter LCK, Pree SETkey for 3 seconds to go back to PV/SV mode
2). Press SEK and keysimutaneously for 3 seconds to access to parameterlevel 3 below parameters will bedisplayed one by oneby pressing SETkey.

Page 2

L SPLfor SV199-3999400fe-transmissionLISPLHigher limit1999-3999400define the higher limitof SV or fullscale for re-transmissionLIT ILDisplay units0.1.200Celcius 1: Fahrenheit 2: No unitsPLIDSInput offset-199-199 -199-1990Calibration offset, PVOS is used to setan input offset to compensate the error produced by sensors. For example, If the controller display 5 C when probe was in water/ice mixture. Set PVOS-5 will make the controller display 5 C when probe was in water/ice mixture. Set PVOS-5 will make the controller display 0 CPL'FEDigital filter strength0 to 66551-30 Normal filter strength 31-00 hanced filter strength The greater the value is, the stronger the readou but cause more delay in the response to changes in the temperatureRITL Ilower limit display for analog input display for analog input199-99992000E.g. for 4-20mAinput, the display willbe ANL1 when inputis 2 0 mARIL dIAlarm mode for alarm 100 to 1611To define the hysteresis for 1stalarm, refer to alarm descriptiontable for detailsRIL dIAlarm mode for alarm 300 to 1610To define the hysteresis for 2 dalarm, high alarm: negative hysteresis, low alarm: positive hysteresis, low alarm 2RL dIAlarm mode for alarm 300 to 1610 <td< th=""><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th>1# Factory defaul</th></td<>					1# Factory defaul				
$ \square P \ I I I I $	Notation	Name	Range	1#	Description				
Remark: Input sensor isfield selectable via frontpanel between all RTD and TC sensors analog signal hasto be specified before order except 0-20mA and 0-50mAdPDecimal points for analog inputs0,1,2,30C:WO decimal points 1: 1 decimal points 2: 2 decimal points 3: 3 decimal points (this is for analoginputs only)LSPLLower limit for SV1999-99990define the ligher limit of SV or Zeropoint for re-transmissionUT ILDisplay units0,1,200Cellus 1: Fahrenheit 2: No unitsPLDSInput offset.1999-999900Cellus 1: Fahrenheit 2: No unitsPLDSInput offset.199-1990Calibration offset Incompensate the error produced by sensors For example. If the controller display 5 C when probe was in outfilter strength The grater the value is , the stronger filtering strength increase the stability of the readou but cause more delay in the response to changes in the temperatureRILL IIower limit analog input199-9992000E.g. for 4-20mAinput, the display willbe ANL1 when inputis 20 mARILL IIower limit analog input199-99992000E.g. for 4-20mAinput, the display willbe ANL1 when inputis 20 mARILL IIower limit analog input199-99992000E.g. for 4-20mAinput, the display willbe ANL1 when inputis 20 mARILL IIower limit display for analog input199-99992000E.g. for 4-20mAinput, the display willbe ANL1 when inputis 20 mARILL IIower limit display for analog input199-99992000E.g. for 4-20mAinput, the display	ו קרוו	notation L' i sensor κ Range 400.0 °C sensor 5 sensor 5 sensor 5 sensor 5 sensor 5	к 1300 °С 3 <i>Е г</i> т R	E 00.0 °C <u>b</u> B	E J J N Wu3,Re25 600 °C 400.0 °C 800 °C 1300 °C 2000 °C RIP4 RIP3 F2 F1 PE11 PE22 2:000C 15000C Spare PH100 PH100				
dP Decimal points for analog inputs0.1.2.302: 2 decimal points (this is for analog inputs only) $LSPL$ Lower limit.1999-99990define the lower limit of SV or Zeropoint for re-transmission $USPL$ Higher limit.1999-9999400define the lower limit of SV or fullscale for re-transmission $UT H_{cors} N_{cors}$ Display units0.1.200: Celcius1: Fahrenheit2: No units $P'-DS$ Input offset.199-1990Calibration offset, PVOSIs used to setan input offset to compensate the error produced by senors. For example, If the controller display 0.C $P'-FE$ Digital filter strength010 66551-30 Normal filter strength af-60 enhanced filter strength regreter the values, the stronger filtering strength increase the stability of the readou but cause more delayin the response to changes in the temperature $RILL 1$ lower limit display for analog input199-99992000E.g. for 4-20mAinput, the display willbe ANL1 when inputis 20 mA $RILH 1$ Higher limit display for analog input199-99992000E.g. for 4-20mAinput, the display willbe 		Remark: Input sensor isfield selectable via frontpanel between all RTD and TC sensors, analog signal has to be specified before order except 0-20mA and 0-50mA							
L SPLfor SV199-3999400fe-transmissionLISPLHigher limit1999-3999400define the higher limitof SV or fullscale for re-transmissionLIT ILDisplay units0.1.200Celcius 1: Fahrenheit 2: No unitsPLIDSInput offset-199-199 -199-1990Calibration offset, PVOS is used to setan input offset to compensate the error produced by sensors. For example, If the controller display 5 C when probe was in water/ice mixture. Set PVOS-5 will make 	d٩		0,1,2,3	0	2: 2 decimal points 3:3 decimal points				
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	LSPL		-1999~9999	0	define the lower limitof SV or Zeropoint for re-transmission				
P'-'D'SInput offset.199-199Calibration offset, PVOS is used to setan input offset to compensate the error produced by sensors. For example, if the controller display 5 C when probe was in water/ice mixture, Set PVOSSwill make the controller display 0 CP'-'FEDigital filter strength0 to 66551-30 Normal filter strength 1-30 Normal filter strength the greater the valueis , the stronger filtering strength increase the stability of the readou but cause more delay in the response to changes in the temperaturePINL 1lower limit display for analog input199-99990E.g. for 4-20mAinput, the display willbe ANL1 when inputs 4 mAPIL d1lower limit display for analog input199-99990E.g. for 4-20mAinput, the display willbe ANL1 when inputs 20 mAPIL d1Higher limit display for analog input199-99990E.g. for 4-20mAinput, the display willbe ANL1 when inputs 20 mAPIL d1Higher limit display for analog input109-99992000E.g. for 4-20mAinput, the display willbe ANL1 when inputs 20 mAPIL d1Higher limit display for analog input109-99992000E.g. for 4-20mAinput, the display willbe ANL1 when inputs 20 mAPIL d1Higher limit display for anand input0.0 to 1000.4To define the alarm mode for 1st alarm, (high alarm: negative hysteresis, low alarm 20 to 10 to 100PIL d2Alarm mode for alarm 30.0 to 1000.4To define the hysteresis for 2nd alarm, (high alarm: negative hysteresis, low alarm 30PIL d2Alarm mode for alarm 30.	USPL		-1999~9999	400					
PublicInput offset.199-1990input offset to compensate the error produced by sensors. For example, if the controller display 50 CMem probe was in water/ice mixture, Set PVOSswill make the controller display 0 CPutFEDigital filter strength0 to 6655I-30 Normal filter strength 31-60 enhanced filter strength analog input display for analog input display for analog input199-9990E.g. for 4-20mAinput, the display willbe ANL1 when inputs 4 mARITL Ilower limit display for analog input analog input display for analog input199-99992000E.g. for 4-20mAinput, the display willbe ANL1 when inputs 4 mARITL IHigher limit display for analog input analog input display for analog input analog input199-99992000E.g. for 4-20mAinput, the display willbe ANL2 when inputis 4 mARIL dIAlarm mode for alarm 100 to 1611To define the strength refer to alarm descriptiontable for detailsRIL dIAlarm mode for alarm 20.0 to 100.00.4To define the strength or details refer to alarm descriptiontable for detailsRIL dIHysteresis for alarm 30.0 to 10610To define the strength strength refer to alarm descriptiontable for detailsRIL dIAlarm mode for alarm 30.0 to 1610To define the strength strength refer to alarm descriptiontable for detailsRIL dIAlarm mode for alarm 30.0 to 1610To define the strength refer to alarm descriptiontable for detailsRIL dIAlarm mode for alarm 30.0 to 16 </td <td>LIN IL</td> <td>Display units</td> <td>0,1,2</td> <td>0</td> <td>El llo dillo</td>	LIN IL	Display units	0,1,2	0	El llo dillo				
P_FEDigital filter strength0 to 665531-60 enhanced filter strength The greater the value is, the stronger the filter strength will be. stronger filtering strength increase the stability of the readou but cause more delay in the response to changes in the temperatureRIL /lower limit display for analog input199-99990E.g. for 4-20mAinput, the display will be ANL1 when inputis 4 mARIL //lower limit display for analog input199-99992000E.g. for 4-20mAinput, the display will be ANL1 when inputis 20 mARIL //lower limit display for analog input199-99992000E.g. for 4-20mAinput, the display will be ANL2 when inputis 20 mARIL //lower limit display for analog input199-99992000E.g. for 4-20mAinput, the display will be ANL2 when inputis 20 mARIL //lower limit display for anand in 00 to 1611To define the alarm mode for 1st alarm, (high alarm: negative hysteresis, low alarm: positive hysteresis, low alarm: positive hysteresis, low alarm: positive hysteresis,RIL d2Alarm mode for alarm 300 to 100.00.4To define the alarm mode for 2nd alarm, (high alarm: negative hysteresis,)RIL d3Alarm mode for alarm 300 to 1610To define the alarm description table for detailsRH2Hysteresis for alarm 30.0 to 100.00.4To define the alarm description table for detailsRH3Hysteresis for alarm 30.0 to 100.00.4To define the hysteresis for 3rd alarm, (high alarm: negative hysteresis,)BLd3Alarm	P <u>-</u> 05	Input offset	-199~199	0	input offset to compensate the error produced by sensors.For example, If the controller display 5 C when probe was in water/ice mixture, Set PVOS=-5will make				
HIL 1 display for analog input 199-9999 0 E.g. for 4-20mAinput, the display without ANL1 when inputits 4 mA Higher limit display for analog input 199-9999 2000 E.g. for 4-20mAinput, the display willbe ANL2 when inputits 20 mA HL d 1 Alarm mode for alarm 1 00 to 16 11 To define the alarm mode for 1st alarm, refer to alarm descriptiontable for details HL d 2 Alarm mode for alarm 2 0.0 to 100.0 0.4 To define the hysteresis for 1st alarm, refer to alarm descriptiontable for details HL d 3 Alarm mode for alarm 2 0.0 to 100.0 0.4 To define the hysteresis for 2nd alarm, refer to alarm descriptiontable for details HL d 3 Alarm mode for alarm 3 0.0 to 100.0 0.4 To define the hysteresis for 2nd alarm, refer to alarm descriptiontable for details HL d 3 Alarm mode for alarm 3 0.0 to 100.0 0.4 To define the hysteresis for 3rd alarm, refer to alarm descriptiontable for details HL d 3 Alarm mode for alarm 3 0.0 to 100.0 0.4 To define the hysteresis for 3rd alarm, refer to alarm geative hysteresis, low alarm: positive hysteresis, GL d 3 SSRM SCR trigger mode PHAS To define the hysteresis for 3rd alarm, r	P''FE		0 to 66	55	31-60 enhanced filter strength The greater the valueis, the strongerthe filter strength will be.stronger filtering strength increase the stability of the readout but cause more delay in the response to				
HIT display for analog input 1199-9999 2000 E.g. 101 + 2011miput, the alapha yields RL_d1 Alarm mode for alarm 1 00 to 16 11 To define the alarm mode for 1st alarm, refer to alarm descriptiontable for details RL_d2 Alarm mode for alarm 2 0.0 to 100.0 0.4 To define the hysteresis for 1st alarm, (high alarm: negative hysteresis) RLd2 Alarm mode for alarm 2 00 to 16 10 To define the alarm mode for 2nd alarm, refer to alarm descriptiontable for details RH2 Hysteresis for alarm 2 0.0 to 100.0 0.4 To define the hysteresis for 2nd alarm, refer to alarm descriptiontable for details RH2 Hysteresis for alarm 3 0.0 to 16 10 To define the hysteresis for 3nd alarm, (high alarm: negative hysteresis) RH3 Hysteresis for alarm 3 0.0 to 100.0 0.4 To define the hysteresis for 3nd alarm, (high alarm: negative hysteresis) DLd4 Control action configuration 0 or 1 0 0 0 SSRM SCR trigger mode PHAS or CYCL PHAS or CYCL PHAS PHAS=Phase angled trigger mode Soft-start configuration 0,1,2 0 0 Soft-start function on 1: Soft-start function on 2: Soft-start function on 2: Soft-start function on 2: Soft-start function on hen	RNL I	display for	-199~9999	0					
HL d 1for alarm 100 to 1611refer to alarm descriptiontable for detailsRH 1Hysteresis for alarm 10.0 to 100.00.4To define the hysteresis for 1stalarm, (high alarm: negative hysteresis)RL d2Alarm mode for alarm 200 to 1610To define the alarm mode for 2nd alarm, refer to alarm descriptiontable for detailsRH2Hysteresis for alarm 20.0 to 100.00.410To define the alarm mode for 2nd alarm, refer to alarm descriptiontable for detailsRH2Hysteresis for alarm 20.0 to 100.00.410To define the hysteresis for 2nd alarm, refer to alarm descriptiontable for detailsRH2Hysteresis for alarm 30.0 to 100.00.4To define the hysteresis for 3rd alarm, refer to alarm descriptiontable for detailsRH3Hysteresis for alarm 30.0 to 100.00.4To define the hysteresis for 3rd alarm, (high alarm: negative hysteresis)BLd3Alarm mode for alarm 30.0 to 100.00.4To define the hysteresis for 3rd alarm, refer to alarm descriptiontable for detailsBL43Hysteresis for alarm 30.0 to 100.00.4To define the hysteresis for 3rd alarm, refer to alarm description table for detailsBL44Control action configuration0 or 100Centre to alarm description table for detailsBL44Control action configuration0 or 100Centre to alarm description (heating)55r-riSSRM SCR trigger modePHAS or CYCLPHAS PHAS or SOT.PHAS SOT.<	ЯПН І	display for	-199~9999	2000					
HH 1 Hysteresis for alarm 1 0.010 100.0 0.4 (high alarm: negative hysteresis, low alarm: positive hysteresis) AL d2 Alarm mode for alarm 2 00 to 16 10 To define the alarm mode for 2nd alarm, refer to alarm descriptiontable for details HH2 Hysteresis for alarm 2 0.0 to 100.0 0.4 To define the hysteresis for 2nd alarm, refer to alarm descriptiontable for details HH2 Hysteresis for alarm 2 0.0 to 100.0 0.4 To define the hysteresis for 2nd alarm, refer to alarm descriptiontable for details HL3 Alarm mode for alarm 3 00 to 16 10 To define the hysteresis for 3rd alarm, refer to alarm descriptiontable for details HH3 Hysteresis for alarm 3 0.0 to 100.0 0.4 To define the hysteresis for 3rd alarm, refer to alarm descriptiontable for details GLdd Control action configuration 0 or 1 0 0 Reserves action (Heating) 55r-ri SSRM SCR trigger mode PHAS or CYCL PHAS or CYCL PHAS PHAS 6Err Soft-start configuration 0,1,2 0 0: Soft-start function of 1: Soft-start function on 2: Soft-start function on 2: Soft-start function on 2: Soft-start off when output decreas the output variance percentagewas defined under parameter buFF from parameter level 1	RLd I		00 to 16	11					
HLCC for alarm 2 00 to 16 10 refer to alarm description table for details RH2 Hysteresis for alarm 2 0.0 to 100.0 0.4 To define the hysteresis for 2nd alarm, (high alarm: negative hysteresis, low alarm: positive hysteresis) RH2 Alarm mode for alarm 3 00 to 16 10 To define the hysteresis for 3rd alarm, refer to alarm description table for details RH3 Hysteresis for alarm 3 00 to 16 10 To define the hysteresis for 3rd alarm, (high alarm: negative hysteresis) RH3 Hysteresis for alarm 3 0.0 to 100.0 0.4 To define the hysteresis for 3rd alarm, (high alarm: negative hysteresis) BH3 Hysteresis for alarm 3 0.0 to 100.0 0.4 To define the hysteresis for 3rd alarm, (high alarm: negative hysteresis) BH43 Hysteresis for alarm 3 0.0 to 100.0 0.4 To define the hysteresis for 3rd alarm, (high alarm: negative hysteresis) BH43 Hysteresis for alarm 3 0.0 to 100.0 0.4 To define the hysteresis for 3rd alarm, (high alarm: negative hysteresis) BH44 Control action configuration 0 or 1 0 0 Reverse action (Heating) 55r-ri SSRM SCR trigger mode PHAS or CYCL PHAS PHAS oft-Start function off <th< td=""><td>RH I</td><td></td><td>0.0 to 100.0</td><td>0.4</td><td>(high alarm: negative hysteresis,</td></th<>	RH I		0.0 to 100.0	0.4	(high alarm: negative hysteresis,				
RH2Hysteresis of alarm 20.0 to 100.00.4(high alarm: negative hysteresis, low alarm: positive hysteresis) $RLd3$ Alarm mode for alarm 300 to 1610To define the alarm mode for 3rd alarm, refer to alarm description table for details $RH3$ Hysteresis for alarm 30.0 to 100.00.4To define the hysteresis, for to define the hysteresis, low alarm: positive hysteresis, low alarm, hysteresis, low alarm: positive hysteresis, low alarm, hysteres, low	RLd2		00 to 16	10					
Image: Picture of the second secon	RH2		0.0 to 100.0	0.4	(high alarm: negative hysteresis,				
RH3 Instruction alarm 3 0.010 100.0 0.4 (high alarm: negative hysteresis, low alarm: positive hysteresis) DL/d Control action configuration 0 or 1 0 0: Reverse action (Heating) 1: Direct action(cooling) 55r-ri SSRM SCR trigger mode PHAS or CYCL PHAS or CYCL PHAS or CYCL = Full wave trigger mode bErr Soft-start configuration for CYCL PHAS or CYCL PHAS or CYCL = Full wave trigger mode HEr Soft-start configuration for CYCL PHAS or CYCL PHAS or CYCL = Full wave trigger mode HEr Soft-start configuration for CYCL PHAS or CYCL PHAS or CYCL = Full wave trigger mode HEr Soft-start function on figuration for CYCL configuration for CYCL = full wave trigger mode Of CYCL = Full wave trigger mode HE Soft-start function on figuration for CYCL = full wave trigger mode Of CYCL = Full wave trigger mode HE Soft-start function on figuration for CYCL = full wave trigger mode Of CYCL = Full wave trigger mode Of CYCL = Full wave trigger mode HE Soft-start function on figuration for CYCL = full wave trigger mode Of CYCL = Full wave trigger mode Of CYCL = Full wave trigger mode HE Power frequency for SCR trigger for 60HZ Of HZ Of HZ Of HZ Of	RL33		00 to 16	10					
Line configuration O U I I O 1: Direct action(cooling) 55-77 SSRM SCR trigger mode PHAS or CYCL PHAS PHAS PHAS=Phase angled trigger mode CYCL=Full wave trigger mode bEr Soft-start configuration 0,1,2 0 0: Soft-start function of 1: Soft-start function on 2: So	RH3		0.0 to 100.0	0.4	(high alarm: negative hysteresis,				
Soft-start or CYCL PHAS CYCL=Full wave trigger mode BEr Soft-start or CYCL O Soft-start function of 1: Soft-start 0,1,2 0 Soft-start function on Soft-start function on 2: Soft-start 0,1,2 0 0 Soft-start function on Soft-start function on HZ Soft-start 0,1,2 0 0 Soft-start function on Soft-start function on HZ Soft-start Soft-start for Soft-start Soft-start Soft-start HZ Power frequency for SCR trigger type SoHZ or 60HZ SoHZ: 50HZ frequency 60HZ: 60HZ frequency SoHZ: 60HZ frequency IdID Device address 0-127 1 A unique addresswill be assigned toeach controller with RS-485 communication Note: Communication Source Baud rate=0 2.4K BaudRate=1 4.8K	OUd		0 or 1	0					
BEr Soft-start configuration 0,1,2 0 1: Soft-start function on 2: Soft-start function on when output decreases configuration H= HZ Power frequency for SCR trigger type 50HZ or 60HZ 50HZ: SOft-Start frequency 60HZ: SOHZ freqUENCY 60HZ: SOH	55-17			PHAS					
H= Power frequency for SCR trigger type 50HZ or 60HZ 50HZ: 50HZ frequency 60HZ: 60HZ frequency 60HZ: 60HZ frequency LOTO Device address 0-127 1 A unique address will be assigned to each controller with RS-485 communication Device address 0-127 1 Baud rate=0 2.4K BaudRate=1 4.8K	ЬEr			0	1: Soft-start function on 2: Soft-start function onwhen output increase, soft-start offwhen output decrease The output variance percentagewas defined under parameter buF from				
controller with RS-485 communication	H <u>-</u>	Power frequency for SCR trigger	00112						
Communication Baud rate=0 2.4K, Baud Rate=1 4.8K	ыло	Device address	0-127	1					
brud baud rate 0,1,2,3 2 Baud rate=2 9.6K Baud Rate=3 19.2 K	6803		0,1,2,3	2					

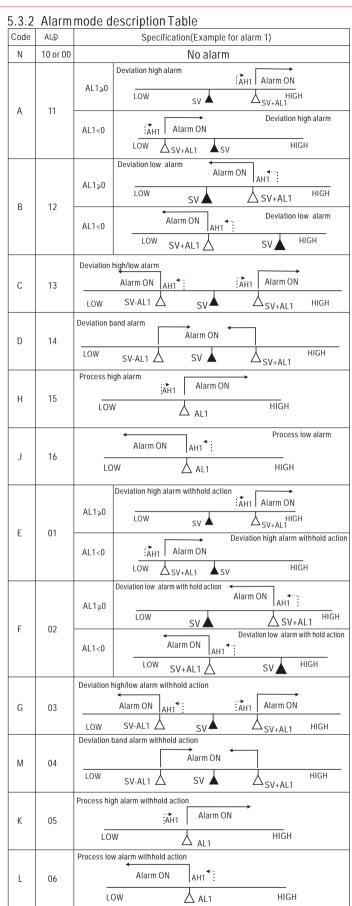
*Alarm mode description (ALd_=00~16) 00: No alarmoutput

- 10: No alarmoutput
- 11: Deviation high alarm 12: Deviation low alarm
- 13: Deviation high/low alarm
- 14: Deviation band alarm
- 15: Process high alarm
- 02: Deviation low alarm with hold action 03: Deviation high/low alarm with hold action 04: Deviation band alarm with hold action 05: Process high alarm with hold action

01: Deviation high alarm with hold action

- 16: Process low alarm
 - 06: Process low alarm with hold action

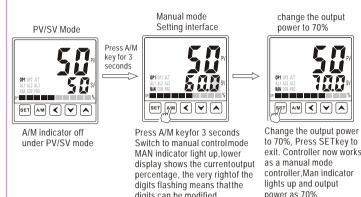
NOTE: The alarm action will be suppressed right after power on even the condition is satisfied, and the alarm standby only works 1 time right after power on. the alarm will go off if the condition satisfied again after suppression at the first time



NOTE: The alarm action will be suppressed right after power on even the condition is satisfied, and the alarm standby only works 1 time right after power on. the alarm will go off if the condition satisfied again after suppression at the first time

6. Auto/Manual bumpless transfer

All models has a A/M key where you can switch the control mode whenever you want, the transfer is bumpless transfer, e.g. if the controller at 75% of power at PID mode, it will stay at 75% of power when it is switched to manual mode until it is manually adjusted below is an example of changing the PID mode to manual mode and set the output at 70% of power



Remark

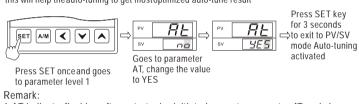
digits can be modified

Press A/M keyat manual mode for 3 seconds can switchback to PID mode The control mode canbe set as manualmode automatically right afterpower on, and theoutput power can be defined under parameter Pk0 from parameter level 2

A/M key can beused to save amodification which you madeon the parameter during the configuration

7. Auto-tunina

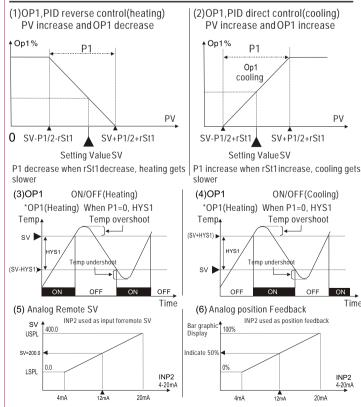
Always recommended to performance auto-tuning in a new application. The best time to start the auto-tuning is rightafter power on whenprocess value is faraway from the Settingvalue this will help theauto-tuning to get mostoptimized auto-tune result



1:AT indicatorflashing after auto-tuning initiated, goes to parameter AT and change the AT value to NO if you want to turn off the auto-tuning

2:Auto-tuning is an ON/OFF control mode, significant temperature oscillation is expected and the time duration for the auto-tuning could be extra long then expected depends on different system

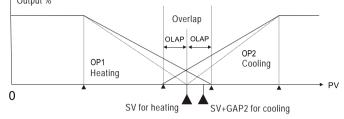
8. Various Control Mode



Dual output heating and cooling control

If the controlled objecthas a temperature overshoottendency during the heatingprocess, and natural cooling isnot sufficient, aheating+cooling control mode willhelp in this case, Parameter OLAP is used to define the overlap area between coolingand heating no overlap area ifOLAP=0

Output %



Parameters P2,I2,d2 is used to define the controlmode of Op2 such as P.I.D control, time proportional control or ON/OFF control

10. RS-485 Communication

- (1) Support Modbus-RTU protocol, support 03 read command, 06 and 10 write command
- (2) Communication mode: single-master Rs485 asynchronous serial communication baud rate: 2400, 4800,9600,19200(9600 baud rate is factory default value)
 - Format: 1 start bit+ 8 digital bit+N+1 stop bit
 - 1 start bit+8 digital bit+N+2 stop bit
- (3)The maximum write command for the controller is 36 at once, maximum read command is 37 at once for the read command
- (4)For more details, refer to communication details of MF06

11. INPUT RANGE TABLE

	Input type	Code		Input type			Code	
K1	0.0 to 100.0 °C	2	D1	Pt1 (Pt100)	0.0 to 50.0 °C	Р	06	
	0.0 to 200.0 °C	2	D2		0.0 to 100.0 °C	Р	07	
	0.0 to 300.0 °C	2	D3		0.0 to 150.0 °C	P	11	
	0.0 to 400.0 °C	2	D4		0.0 to 200.0 °C	Р	08	
К2	0 to 200 °C	к	A2		-50.0 to 50.0 °C	P	12	
	0 to 400 °C	к	A4		-50.0 to 100.0 °C	P	13	
	0 to 600 °C	к	A6		-100.0 to +100.0 °C		04	
	0 to 1300 °C	к	B3		-100.0 to +200.0 °C	P	05 02	
	0.0 to 100.0 °C	3	D1		0 to 100 °C	D	A1	
E1	0.0 to 200.0 °C	3	D2	1	0 to 200 °C	D	A1 A2	
	0.0 to 300.0 °C	3	D3	1	0 to 400 °C	D	A2 A4	
	0 to 200 °C	Е	A2		0 to 600 °C	D	A4 A6	
E2	0 to 400 °C	E	A4	Pt2 (Pt100)	0 to 800 °C		A8	
	0 to 600 °C	Е	A6		-50 to 100 °C	D	C1	
	0.0 to 100.0 °C	1	D1				C1 C2	
J1	0.0 to 200.0 °C	1	D2			D		
J 1	0.0 to 300.0 °C	1	D3			-	C3	
	0.0 to 400.0 °C	1	D4	1	-200 to 400 °C	D	C4	
	0 to 200 °C	J	A2		-200 to 500 °C	D	C5	
10	0 to 300 °C	J	A3		-200 to 600 °C	D	C6	
J2	0 to 400 °C	J	A4		-200 to 700 °C	D	C7	
	0 to 800 °C	J	A8		-200 to 800 °C	D	C8	
	0.0 to 100.0 °C	т	D1		nput type		ode	
Т	0.0 to 200.0 °C	т	D2	AN1 0 to 20			01	
	0.0 to 300.0 °C	Т	D3	AN2 0 to 50		V	02	
	0.0 to 400.0 °C	Т	D4	AN3 0 to 5	100	- ··	02	
s	0 to 1000 °C	S	B0	AN3 0 to 10		V V	04	
	0 to 1600 °C	S	B6	AN4 1 to 5			08	
R	0 to 1000 °C	R	B0	AN4 2 to 10		V	09	
	0 to 1700 °C	R	B7	AN4 4 to 20	-1.999 to 9.999	A	03	
В	200 to 1000 °C	В	B0	AN3 0 to 20	DmA	A	02	
	200 to 1800 °C	В	B8	AN3 0 to 10	OmA	A	01	
N	0 to 1000 °C	Ν	B0					
	0 to 1300 °C	Ν	B3					

Wu3_Re25 600 to 2000 °C W B0

Note: Clients can set TC, RTD by keyboard ,please set the input type coinide with the sensor. Check details of the manual"6.3"parameter INP1,If need analog signal inputs, please specified when order.(Except 0-20mV or 0-50mV input)

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